## **CLAIMS**

1	1.	A method comprising.
2		receiving data representing current prices of options on a given
3	asset,	
4		deriving from said data an estimate of a corresponding implied
5	probab	ility distribution of the price of said asset at a future time, and
6		making information about said probability distribution available
7	within	a time frame that is useful to investors.
1	2.	The method of claim 1 in which the data represent a finite number
2	of price	es of options at spaced-apart strike prices of the asset, and also
3	includi	ng
4		calculating a set of first differences of said finite number of prices
5	to form	an estimate of the cumulative probability distribution of the price
6	of said	asset at a future time.
1	3.	The method of claim 2 also including
2		calculating a set of second differences of the finite number of
3	strike p	prices from the set of first differences to form an estimate of the
4	probab	ility distribution function of the price of said asset at a future time.
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1	4.	A method comprising:
2		receiving data representing current prices of options on a given
3	asset,	

4	deriving from said data an estimate of a corresponding implied
5	probability distribution of the price of said asset at a future time, and
6	providing a real-time data feed containing information based on
7	said probability distribution.
1	5. A method comprising:
2	providing a graphical user interface for viewing pages containing
3	financial information related to an asset; and
4	when a user indicates an asset of interest, displaying probability
5	information related to the price of the asset at a future time.
1	6. A method comprising:
2	enabling a user to identify an asset of interest, the asset being one
3	for which data representing current prices of options on the asset are
4	available,
5	deriving from said data an estimate of a corresponding implied
6	probability distribution of the price of said asset at a future time, and
7	providing a display of a probability distribution of prices of the
8	asset at future times.
1	7. A method comprising:
2	enabling a user to indicate a future time and to identify an asset of
3	interest, the asset being one for which data representing current prices of
4	options on the asset are available, and
5	displaying to the user a distribution of the probability that the asset
6	will reach prices within a range of prices at the future time.

## 1 8. A method comprising: 2 receiving data representing current prices of options on a given 3 asset, the options being associated with spaced-apart strike prices of the 4 asset at a future time, 5 the data including shifted current prices of options resulting from a 6 shifted underlying price of the asset, the amount by which the asset price 7 has shifted being different from the amount by which the strike prices are 8 spaced apart, and 9 deriving from said data an estimate of a quantized implied 10 probability distribution of the price of said asset at a future time, the 11 elements of the quantized probability distribution being more finely 12 spaced than for a probability distribution derived without the shifted 13 current price data. 1 9. A method comprising 2 receiving data representing current prices of options on a given 3 asset, the options being associated with spaced-apart strike prices of the 4 asset at a future time, 5 deriving from said data an estimate of an implied probability 6 distribution of the price of said asset at a future time, the mathematical 7 derivation including a smoothing operation, and 8 making information about said probability distribution available 9 within a time frame that is useful to investors. 1 10. The method of claim 9 in which the smoothing operation is 2 performed in a volatility domain.

1	11.	The method of claim 9 in which the smoothing operation is
2	performed in the domain of the option prices or in the domain of the	
3	probab	pility distribution information.
1	12.	A method comprising:
2		receiving data representing current prices of options on a given
3	asset, 1	the options having strike prices at future dates,
4		deriving a volatility for each of the future dates in accordance with
5	a pred	etermined option pricing formula that links option prices with strike
6	prices	of the asset;
7		generating a smoothed and extrapolated volatility function;
8		and using the volatility information to generate information within
9	a time	-frame that is useful for investors.
1	13.	The method of claim 12 in which the volatility function is
2	extrap	olated to a wider range of dates than the future dates.
1	14.	The method of claim 12 in which the volatility function is
2	extrap	olated to strike prices other than the strike prices of the options.
1	15.	The method of claim 9 also including
2		generating a smoothed volatility function using only data that are
3	reliabl	e under a predetermined measure of reliability.
1	16.	The method of claim 9, further comprising:
2		generating an implied volatility function formula having a
3	quadra	atic form with two variables representing a strike price and an
4	expira	tion date;

5		wherein coefficients of the implied volatility function formula are	
6	determined by applying regression analysis to approximately fit the		
7	implie	d volatility function formula to each of the implied volatilities.	
8	17.	A method comprising:	
9		receiving data representing current prices of options on assets	
10	belong	ging to a portfolio,	
11		deriving from said data an estimate of an implied multivariate	
12	distrib	ution of the price of a quantity at a future time that depends on the	
13	assets	belonging to the portfolio, and	
14		making information about said probability distribution available	
15	within	a time frame that is useful to investors.	
1	18.	A method comprising:	
2		receiving data representing values of a set of factors that influence	
3	a com	posite value,	
4		deriving from said data an estimate of an implied multivariate	
5	distrib	ution of the price of a quantity at a future time that depends on	
6	assets	belonging to a portfolio, and	
7		making information about said probability distribution available	
8	within	a time frame that is useful to investors.	
1	19.	The method of claim 18 in which the mathematical derivation	
2	includ	es generating a multivariate probability distribution function based	
3	on cor	relations among the factors.	
1	20.	A graphical user interface comprising:	

2		a user interface element adapted to enable a user to indicate a
3	future	time;
4		a user interface element adapted to show a current price of an
5	asset;	and
6		a user interface element adapted to show the probability
7	distrib	ution of the price of the asset at the future time.
1	21.	A method comprising:
2		continually generating current data that contains probability
3	distrib	utions of prices of assets at future times,
4		continually feeding the current data to a recipient electronically,
5	and	
6		the recipient using the fed data for services provided to users.
1	22.	A method comprising:
2		receiving data representing current prices of options on assets
3	belong	ging to a portfolio,
4		receiving data representing current prices of market transactions
5	associa	ated with a second portfolio of assets, and
6		providing information electronically on the probability that the
7	second	I portfolio of assets will reach a first value given the condition that
8	the firs	st portfolio of assets reaches a specified price at a future time.
1	23.	A method comprising:
2		receiving data representative of actual market transactions

3	associated with a first portfolio of assets;	
4	receiving data representative of actual market transactions	
5	associated with a second portfolio of assets;	
6	providing information on the expectation value of the price of first	
7	portfolio of assets given the condition that the second portfolio of assets	
8	reaches a first specified price at a specified future time through a network	
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1	24. A method comprising	
2	evaluating an event defined by a first multivariate expression that	
3	represents a combination of macroeconomic variables at a time T, and	
4	estimating the probability that a second multivariate expression	
5	that represents a combination of values of assets of a portfolio will have	
6	value greater than a constant B at time T if the value of the first	
7	multivariate expression is greater than a constant A.	
1	25. The method of claim 24 in which the probability is estimated using	
2	Monte Carlo techniques.	
1	26. A method comprising	
2	defining a regression expression that relates the value of one	
3	variable representing a combination of macroeconomic variables at time T	
4	to a second variable at time T that represents a combination of assets of a	
5	portfolio, and	
6	estimating the probability that the second variable will have a	
7	value greater than a constant B at time T if the value of the first variable	
8	greater than a constant A at time T, based on the ratio of the probability of	

9	x being greater than A under the regression expression and the probability		
10	of x being greater than A.		
1	27. A method comprising		
2	defining a current value of an option as a quadratic expression that		
3	depends on the difference between the current price of the option and the		
4	current price of the underlying security, and		
5	using Monte Carlo techniques to estimate a probability distribution		
6	of the value at a future time T of a portfolio that includes the option.		
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